

# Theory of Types of Sovereignty and Degrees of Sovereignty by Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobrev from 2009 and conquest of countries and nations by the deep mafia through their control and management

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**Abstract:** *Lord prof PhD PhD Momtchil Dobrev-Halachev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobrev developed 2009 "Theory of types of sovereignty and degrees of sovereignty" based on a complete analysis of the types of sovereigns in a country in dependence on modern trends and the modern development of societies on planet Earth.*

**Key words:** *sovereignty, law, mafia, corruption, theory.*

## 1. Introduction

Lord prof PhD PhD Momtchil Dobrev-Halachev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-DObreva developed 2009 Theory of types of sovereignty and degrees of sovereignty and the relationships between them. Apart from that, Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobrev also related how the deep mafia usurps economies, states, political elites and political systems in respective countries of interest to it by subordinating their respective sovereignty in their favor.

In the year 2001 Lord Prof. Momtchil DObrev developed the Theory of the mafia and Theory of corruption. All the two theories have been developed by analyzing the mafia and the corruption all over the wrld. In Bulgaria, Germany, European Union, and other countries.

In the year 2010 Lord Prof. Momtchil Dobrev developed the "Theory of Mafiotismus" as a new type of government oriented only and only in the private interests of private individuals and private institutions.

### 1.1 Introduce the Problem

The nature of sovereignty and the types of sovereigns in a country are of important importance to the development of a country, how dependent it is on foreign countries, on foreign political systems, on whether it makes decisions in defense of its own national interests or, conversely, in defense of the interests of foreign countries.

2009 Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibovaz-Dobrev, after a thorough analysis, created a theory about the types of sovereigns and degrees of sovereignty in a state in modern society.

In modern society, many types and types of sovereignty are distinguished and they must be analyzed, taken into account, the dependence of one sovereignty on other sovereignty and its degree must be taken into account.

Based on this complete and comprehensive analysis, Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobrev judge a complete theory of the types of sovereigns, the degrees of sovereigns and the dependencies between them.



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## 2. Research methods

Research methods of analysis, verification, control of all types of sovereignty in a state, including the degrees of sovereignty that define and characterize each state. Creating accurate, complete theory related to practice.

- Analysis of the types of sovereignty for a country
- Analysis of the types of sovereignty depending on the current conditions in the development of societies on planet Earth.
- Analysis of the types of sovereignty depending on participation in a union of states - the European Union and the European Commission
- Analysis of the implementation of the laws of a country and the European Commission
- Analysis of governance in a state and a society and the European Commission's protection of its types of sovereignty
- Identification of the indicators on which a sovereignty depends and its degree
- Identification of dependencies of one sovereignty on another sovereignty

3/. Prof. MomchilDobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobрева Theory of types of sovereignty and degrees of sovereignty - , their dependence and connectivity

To characterize the types of sovereigns and the degree of the respective type of sovereignty, it is necessary that each type of sovereignty be:

- Well characterized
- Good to be distinguished from any other species,
- Each species should be exceptional
- Each type must be original
- Every kind to be universal The universality of sovereignty also means that the sovereign of the state can legislate for every aspect of the individual's individual and public life.
- Each type should be exclusive and concern a specific country and especially it
- Each type must be permanently defined and determined in time and relate to a precisely defined environment of social life, not to be changed, not to be replaced, not to be erased, deleted. Each type must be consistent over a long period of time
- All types must cover completeness of objects
- Each species must differ from every other species well enough, to be distinct, to be distinguished from every other species, to identify a separate area, environment, object
- Each species cannot disappear, be replaced, be transferred to another country.
- Any kind cannot be transferred, sold, to another country
- Each species to be absolutely definite and distinct with respect to all other species
- To characterize the modern development of society and
- To characterize the modern development of our civilization
- To characterize most of the countries on our planet.
- Every kind to characterize every element of our social life
- Each type to characterize each element of the development of our social life
- Each type to characterize the future development and determine it
- Each type 10 Characteristics of Sovereignty for better understanding
- Each species has its own life and it continues until the end of the existence of the respective country
- Each type has and is based on the right of a state, on its structure and functioning and management of the public and private individual life of the people building a society.

The characteristics of a sovereignty are: permanence, exclusivity, complete understanding, inalienability, unity, irresponsibility, indivisibility, absoluteness, originality and universality.

A state is said to be sovereign when it has complete autonomy over itself; it is independent of other countries.

The term 'sovereignty' comes from the Latin term 'superanus', meaning 'supreme'. Although the term is modern, the idea can be traced back to Ancient Greece, where thinkers believed in the supreme power of the state.

Its main meaning today can be defined as "the supreme power of the territory". It can have three dimensions: a sovereign who is responsible for sovereignty, the absoluteness of sovereignty, no one is above it, and its internal aspects. The state is the political institution in which sovereignty is represented.

According to Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova Dobрева's THEORY OF TYPES and DEGREES OF SOVEREIGNTY, the main elements of this theory are the following postulates:

LAW and formula of Prof. MOMCIL DOBREV and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobрева on SOVEREIGNTY OF A STATE:

A country's sovereignty depends on the different types of sovereignty listed below and their degree of sovereignty.

LAW OF DEPENDENCE of CERTAIN SOVEREIGNTY and its degree from OTHER SOVEREIGNTY/ SOVEREIGNties and its/ their degree, DIRECT DEPENDENCE, dependence through another sovereignty, CAUSAL DEPENDENCE of one sovereign and its degree from another sovereignty and its degree.

LAW ON THE DEGREES OF SOVEREIGNTY of Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobрева

Each type of sovereignty is characterized by its degree, and each sovereignty depends on the relevant indicators that determine it and on whose degree each sovereignty depends.

EACH SOVEREIGNTY is characterized by its degree of sovereignty, which depends on the relevant indicators that determine this sovereignty.

SOVEREIGNTY / of a country/ = The sum of the DEGREES OF SOVEREIGNTY of this country in the following types of sovereignty:

#### 4. TYPES OF SOVEREIGNTY AND THEIR DEGREES

After a thorough analysis, Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobрева distinguish the following types of sovereignty

National sovereignty

Sovereignty in education

Sovereignty in health care

Sovereignty in the political system

Sovereignty in the military sphere

Sovereignty in defense

Currency sovereignty

Financial sovereignty

Tax sovereignty

Sovereignty in the Economy

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Land sovereignty

Air sovereignty

Maritime sovereignty

Cultural sovereignty

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Religious sovereignty

Food sovereignty

Energy sovereignty

Digital Digital / Sovereignty

Media sovereignty

Sovereignty in Intellectual Property

Sovereigns in investment

Sovereignty in technology

Sovereignty in government

Investment sovereignty

Sovereignty in economic policy

Sovereignty in ethnic groups

Sovereignty in science

Sovereignty in law

Sovereignty in justice

Sovereignty in the rights and freedoms of the people

Sovereignty in foreign policy

Sovereignty in domestic politics

Sovereignty in national security

Climate sovereignty

Environmental sovereignty

Technological sovereignty

Production sovereignty

Consumer sovereignty

Innovative sovereignty

Migration sovereignty

Financial sovereignty

Currency sovereignty

Technological sovereignty

Banking sovereignty

Legal sovereignty

Sovereignty over corruption in the state

Sovereignty over the mafia in the state

International legal sovereignty

Data sovereignty

## **5. Some types of sovereignty and the indicators on which the respective degrees of these types of sovereignty depend**

### **5.1. ENERGY SOVEREIGNTY**

Energy sovereignty depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

It concerns raw materials such as oil, gas, energy, energy carriers, gasoline.

Dependence on foreign energy sources

Degree of dependence on foreign energy sources

Availability of own energy sources

Degree of relation to own/foreign energy sources

Price ranges, price stocks,

Quantity discounts

Diversification and rate of diversification

Availability of own sources for energy sources developed in the future



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Years in development  
 Availability of pipelines for gas, oil, hydrogen and others  
 Availability of contact points for gas, oil, hydrogen and others  
 Force majeure circumstances and decisions in such cases/options  
 Own power production facilities  
 Private enterprises owners of energy-producing enterprises from the country,  
 Private enterprises, owners of energy-producing enterprises from a foreign country  
 Import of energy sources  
 Export of energy sources  
 Import of equipment for power generators  
 Own equipment for power generators  
 Own experience and traditions, know-how in own production  
 Dependence on foreign energy sources - raw materials such as nuclear fuel and others  
 Security of own energy sources  
 Electricity export policy  
 Policy and percentage of sales on the domestic and foreign market - export  
 State policy of protection of domestic production  
 State policy of dependence of domestic production on own energy production  
 State policy of dependence on domestic/foreign electricity production.  
 Access and possibility and availability of electricity export / import points.  
 Possibilities for exporting electricity.  
 Possibilities to import electricity.  
 State policy of protectionism  
 State policy of limiting prices for the domestic market  
 State policy of export restrictions  
 State policy of import restriction  
 State investment policy in energy sources and various water producers of electricity.  
 State policy of diversification of electricity production from thermal power plants, hydroelectric power plants, atomic energy, photovoltaics, wind turbines, water turbines  
 State policy on the percentage participation in the energy mix of thermal power plants, hydroelectric power plants, atomic energy, photovoltaics, wind turbines, water turbines  
 Dependence on the prices of imported energy carriers  
 Political dependence on the politics of a foreign country  
 Vassal dependence on the politics of a foreign country  
 Relation of energy sovereignty to other sovereignty

## 5.2. SOVEREIGNTY IN CULTURE

Cultural sovereignty means that this country makes independent decisions about how to educate and conduct its cultural policy - in the sense of listening to, for example, the relevant folk and national music, teaching the children the relevant folk tales, teaching the people the relevant history - everything that which determines the national self-determination and self-awareness of the people and which is part of the culture of this people should not be subjected to the massive invasion, invasion and displacement, replacement by some foreign culture, which naturally happened in the last 26 years.

Cultural sovereignty depends on the following indicators and its degree is determined:

Access to native music  
 Access to foreign music  
 Imposing foreign music  
 Dumbing down native music  
 Access to native literature  
 Access to foreign literature  
 Imposition of foreign literature  
 Dumbing down of native literature  
 Access to native folktales  
 Access to foreign folk tales  
 Access to foreign culture  
 Displacement, substitution, of native music by foreign music

Displacement, bequeathing of a native literature by a foreign one  
 Access to foreign art – opera, operettas, dances,  
 Access to native art - opera, operettas, dances, own styles of music  
 Access to native art - painting, sculpture, and others  
 Access to foreign art - painting, sculpture, and others  
 Access to native film production  
 Access to foreign film production  
 Investments in native culture – films, books, painting, sculpture, art  
 Supporting native culture - films, books, painting, sculpture, art  
 State policy for investment and support of native culture  
 Protection of intellectual property in the field of culture

### 5.3. FOOD SOVEREIGNTY

Food sovereignty depends on the following indicators, on which the determination of its degree also depends:

Availability of own production of agricultural products - grain, vegetables, fruits  
 Limited agricultural production  
 A system of proportional development of grain and cereal production and vegetable production and fruit production - for example, the right solution - a producer with a maximum of 100,000 acres of grain production, of which 10% is retention production of vegetables and fruits, since the cost of production of vegetables and fruits is higher than that of grain and cereals.  
 System not uneven development and distribution of agricultural areas for grain and cereal production, vegetable production and fruit production  
 Uneven distribution of profits from grain and cereal production, vegetable production and fruit production  
 Presence of problems in vegetable production and fruit production  
 Uneven distribution of subsidies to vegetable production, fruit production to grain and cereal production.  
 Lack of cereal production - an example of African countries in which in a fortnight orange, yellow and all kinds of color revolutions can be unleashed and governments can be changed  
 Trends in grain and cereal production  
 Trends in vegetable production;  
 Trends in fruit production  
 Limited subsidization of vegetable and fruit production  
 Import of vegetables and fruits from neighboring countries  
 Importing vegetables and fruits from neighboring countries full of pesticides  
 Lack of control for pesticides on imported goods  
 Provision of all the products necessary for a mass of the population of a country.  
 Political interference in creating problems and irresponsible planning and management of subsidies for the production of various commodities - grain, fruits, vegetables  
 Existence/ Absence of a strategy for prices of agricultural commodities for the domestic and foreign markets  
 Presence/absence of a strategy for the export of the overproduction of grain, cereals and other products  
 Presence/absence of a strategy to protect and satisfy consumption  
 Degree of satisfying the consumption of the population with basic products  
 Full satisfaction of the population's consumption with basic products  
 Dependence on imports of certain goods and services  
 Price dependence on the import of certain goods  
 Absence/presence of price protection of domestic production from the import of agricultural products  
 Availability/unavailability of stock of goods  
 Availability/unavailability of the possibility of delivery of goods in a precisely defined period, time interval  
 Stock market dependence/independence of commodity prices  
 Agricultural commodity prices policy for the domestic market and  
 Policy of export of agricultural goods in excess of the production required to satisfy the population for one year.  
 Policy of dependence on policies of foreign neighboring countries.  
 Food sovereignty depends on the following indicators, which also determine its degree:  
 Availability of own production of agricultural products - grain, vegetables, fruits  
 Limited agricultural production

A system of proportional development of grain and cereal production and vegetable production and fruit production - for example, the right solution - a producer with a maximum of 100,000 acres of grain production, of which 10% is retention production of vegetables and fruits, since the cost of production of vegetables and fruits is higher than that of grain and cereals.

System not uneven development and distribution of agricultural areas for grain and cereal production, vegetable production and fruit production

Uneven distribution of profits from grain and cereal production, vegetable production and fruit production

Presence of problems in vegetable production and fruit production

Uneven distribution of subsidies to vegetable production, fruit production to grain and cereal production.

Lack of cereal production - an example of African countries in which in a fortnight orange, yellow and all kinds of color revolutions can be unleashed and governments can be changed

Trends in grain and cereal production

Trends in vegetable production;

Trends in fruit production

Limited subsidization of vegetable and fruit production

Import of vegetables and fruits from neighboring countries

Importing vegetables and fruits from neighboring countries full of pesticides

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Political interference in creating problems and irresponsible planning and management of subsidies for the production of various commodities - grain, fruits, vegetables

Existence/ Absence of a strategy for prices of agricultural commodities for the domestic and foreign markets

Presence/absence of a strategy for the export of the overproduction of grain, cereals and other products

Presence/absence of a strategy to protect and satisfy consumption

Degree of satisfying the consumption of the population with basic products

Full satisfaction of the population's consumption with basic products

Dependence on imports of certain goods and services

Price dependence on the import of certain goods

Absence/presence of price protection of domestic production from the import of agricultural products

Availability/unavailability of stock of goods

Availability/unavailability of the possibility of delivery of goods in a precisely defined period, time interval

Stock market dependence/independence of commodity prices

Agricultural commodity prices policy for the domestic market and

Policy of export of agricultural goods in excess of the production required to satisfy the population for one year.

Policy of dependence on policies of foreign neighboring countries.

#### 5.4. INTERNAL POLITICAL SOVEREIGNTY

Internally, political sovereignty depends on the following indicators, from which its degree is determined:

Imposition/non-imposition of foreign interests in domestic politics

Limitation/unlimitation of our domestic political sovereignty

Free/unfree conduct of internal policies

Presence/absence of supervision by foreign countries

Presence/absence of interference by foreign countries

Influence/non-influence of domestic politics by foreign countries

Dependence/independence of domestic policy on foreign countries/unions

Surveillance/non-surveillance of domestic politics by foreign countries

Control/non-control of domestic politics by foreign countries

Imposition/non-imposition of domestic policy by foreign countries

Conducting/not conducting domestic policy in favor of foreign countries

Domestic policy subordinated/not subordinated to foreign countries

Protection/non-protection of national interests in domestic politics

### 5.5. FOREIGN POLITICAL SOVEREIGNTY

Externally, the political severity depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

- Limitation/unlimitation of foreign policy depending on foreign countries
- Influence/non-influence of foreign policy by foreign countries
- Dependence/independence of foreign policy on foreign countries/unions
- Oversight/non-oversight of foreign policy by foreign countries
- Control/non-control of foreign policy by foreign countries
- Imposition/non-imposition of foreign policy by foreign countries
- Conducting/not conducting foreign policy in favor of foreign countries
- Foreign policy subordinated / not subordinated to foreign countries
- Protection/non-protection of national interests in foreign policy

### 5.6. SOVEREIGNTY IN EDUCATION

Sovereignty in education depends on the following indicators, which also determine its degree

- Own education system
- Foreign education system
- Mixed education system
- Objectives of the educational system
- Evaluation of the achievement of the goals of the educational system
- Development of the educational system
- Systems of assessment of students' knowledge
- Trends of the educational system
- System of development of the educational system
- General framework of development of the educational system
- Freedoms to determine the education system
- Responsibility for the educational system, culture
- Policies concerning the education system
- Dependence of education system policies on parties and ideologies
- Comparison of the education system with those of other countries, trends, development
- Budgeting of the education system
- Budget trends
- Trends in the economy that force trends in the education system
- Need for relevant qualified personnel for industry and all other branches of society
- A political framework for determining the framework for development in education, at the state level, at the municipal level,
- According to the legislation, who defines the policies in the legislation in the management and development in the field of education, curlura, art, science.
- Budgeting of education, science and research and culture for each year
- Policy of increasing the budget for education, science, culture, research for the year ahead
- Priority of development of science, education, culture, research.
- Investments in education, science, research, culture
- System of support and investment in science, culture, education, research
- A system of supporting and investing in the respective country's own scientific projects
- System of support and investment in common scientific projects of several countries, unions, European Union,
- A system of increasing budgets for science, education, culture, research.
- System of compulsory school education, school attendance,
- A system of special schools
- A system of compulsory primary education and a minimum age for it
- A system of public and private prisons
- A system of high selectivity of the education system - after a certain age a slave to different types and types of schools such as high school, real school, main school, general school
- A system of learner uniformity or non-uniformity
- Systems of evaluation of results of the habit of students, students, of the respective degrees.
- A system for evaluating the results of students of immigrant origin,

a system of international assessment of education, at the appropriate level, of the relevant different disciplines – mathematics, biology, physics, chemistry, creative problem solving, creative problem solving in physics, chemistry, biology, etc.

Vocational training systems in a vocational school

System of dual training to provide the business with a qualified workforce.

Payment system for teachers, professors,

Pay system for teachers, lecturers, compared to average salaries

A trend system for increasing the salaries of teachers, professors.

Status of teachers, teachers, insurance system, additional salary, additional privileges, protection from dismissal

Dual training system - combinations of training in a production enterprise and theoretical lessons in a vocational school

System of traditions in education, secondary, higher in the respective country

Acquisition system of other systems and parts of education systems of other countries.

A system of destroying quality education in a country

A political system of destroying quality education in a country

System of derationalization - apathy, nihilism, hatred, in learners.

A system of reforms in education, science, culture, research.

## 5.7. SOVEREIGNTY IN HEALTHCARE

Sovereignty in healthcare depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

Drug pricing policy

Drug policy of drugs produced by a manufacturer in the country and a foreign manufacturer

Price protection of medicines manufactured by a foreign manufacturer

Creating conditions for competition of foreign drug manufacturers

Policy of payment of medicines from the health fund

Payment policy for treatment paths from the health fund

Payment policy for specific drugs

Hospital pathway payment policy

Referral Pay Policy, Referral Volumes

Policy of pre-hospital care

Hospital care policy

policy of providing modern equipment and technologies

Policy of ensuring the transfer of experience in the various fields of medicine

A policy of enforcing the latest technology in both hospital care and universities.

Own educational system in medical sciences

A foreign educational system in medical sciences

Mixed education system in medical sciences

Goals of the educational system in medicine

Assessment of achievement of the goals of the educational system in medicine

Development of the educational system in medicine

Systems of assessment of knowledge of medical students

Trends of the educational system in medicine

System of development of the educational system in medicine

General framework of development of the educational system in medicine

Freedoms to determine the education system in medicine

Responsibility for the educational system, culture in medicine

Policies concerning the educational system in medicine

Dependence of education system policies on parties and ideologies

Comparison of the educational system with those of other countries, trends, development in medicine

Budgeting of the educational system in medicine

Trends in health care budgeting

Trends in the economy that dictate trends in the medical education system

Need for relevant qualified personnel in health care

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### 5.8. DIGITAL/ DIGITAL/ SOVEREIGNTY

Digital sovereignty depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

- Ability to work with data, databases,
- Ability and access to data, databases
- Limited access to data, databases
- Data organization systems, databases
- Own/foreign data organization systems
- Own/foreign data systematization systems
- Possibility of different systems for systematizing the data for different purposes, systems in the country
- Ability to speed up data processing
- Ability to analyze data
- Degrees of access to the data
- Data Security Levels
- Degree of confidentiality of data
- Data encryption level
- Degree of access to data from different countries
- Degree of access to personal data by foreign countries
- Extent of use, management and data by foreign countries and governments
- Extent of enforcing the use of data management procedures from foreign countries
- Limiting the use of personal data by foreign countries and structures and governments and institutions
- Degree of access to foreign data
- Degree of data management
- Data localization
- Privacy/non-confidentiality of data
- Legal aspects

### 5.9. Data Sovereignty

Data sovereignty depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

- Concept that data is kept under the jurisdiction of the country of its owner to ensure legal data protection obligations.
- It depends on local groups and data autonomy in the country
- It depends on its dependence on post-colonial states
- It depends on the transnational flow of data.
- Dependence on the use of cloud computing and technology and the legislation of the relevant country regarding the control and storage of data
- Dependence on identity of data use
- Data is subject to the laws of a country
- The data depends on the governance structure within a country in which it is collected.
- Data sovereignty is related to data security, cloud computing and technological sovereignty.

### 5.10. Tax sovereignty

Tax sovereignty depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:

- Tax policy - medium-term, short-term, long-term
- Excise policy
- VAT differentiation policy
- VAT policy for food and goods
- VAT Policy for Medicines
- VAT policy on services
- VAT policy for restaurants and hotels
- VAT policy for books and culture
- VAT policy for culture and
- Income policy
- Politics of poverty
- Income Tax Policy

Income tax policy for young families, parents with children,  
 Minimum tax-free income policy  
 Policy on share of VAT, excise duty, taxes  
 Tax policy and taxation of natural persons  
 Tax policy and taxation of corporate clients - companies and others  
 Foreign country tax liability policy  
 Union Obligations Policy  
 Policy of obligations under VAT and any taxes, excises and others

### 5.11. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY SOVEREIGNTY

Intellectual property sovereignty depends on the following indicators, which determine its degree:

Access to intellectual property - lack of such access  
 Own intellectual property  
 Foreign intellectual coBstevonst  
 Availability of access to foreign intellectual property  
 Prohibition of this/ impediments to this/ sanctions/ embargo/ others  
 Ability to purchase intellectual property  
 Ability to acquire intellectual property in other ways  
 State policy  
 Percent dependence on foreign country intellectual property  
 Capability of intracervical potential  
 Financing opportunities in intellectual property - personal, proprietary, foreign capital  
 Opportunity for venture capital in intellectual property  
 Possibility of European funding in intellectual property  
 Possibility of other financing in intellectual property  
 Overtaking the competing countries, companies, countries with the respective years  
 Degree of availability of production and technological capacity for the implementation of innovations  
 Degree of resource security from personal resources, foreign resources  
 Percent dependence on foreign country intellectual property  
 Ability of inner potential  
 Financing options - personal, own, foreign capital  
 Speed of introduction of intellectual property  
 Intellectual property renewal rate  
 percentage of proprietary patents in the specific field  
 the percentage of importance n these proprietary patents  
 an anticipatory effect with a corresponding coefficient - years ahead of others  
 corresponding lag factor  
 degree of the rate of lagging of  
 dependent on foreign technologies,  
 degree percent approachability ,  
 years needed  
 years of total domination,

### 5.12. INNOVATIVE SOVEREIGNTY

Innovation sovereignty depends on the following indicators, which determine its degree:

State innovation policy  
 State policy on stimulating and supporting own innovations  
 State policy on stimulating and supporting foreign innovations  
 Possibility of financing innovations - venture capital, stock market in others

### 5.13. TECHNOLOGICAL SOVEREIGNTY –

Technological sovereignty depends on the following indicators that determine its degree:



Available technology

Opportunity available to develop this technology

Non-availability of technology

Time frame years until this technology can be acquired

Ability to acquire in another way

Option to acquire the technology through purchase

Possibility of acquiring the technology for rental development activity

Ability to create the conditions of an investor who owns the technology

Foreign technology available

Available possibility/impossibility to develop this foreign technology

Prohibitions on this / obstacles to this / sanctions / embargo / others

Percentage of dependence on foreign technologies,

percent approachability, years needed, years to reach full dominance,

Dependence on foreign technologies

Presence of intelligent technological sovereignty

Total domination

Partial percentage dominance

Percent dependence

Speed of adoption of new technologies

Speed of imposition of new technologies

DEGREE of TECHNOLOGICAL SOVEREIGNTY - percentage of dependence on foreign technologies, percentage of opportunity to approach, years needed, years of complete dominance,

Total domination

Partial percentage dominance

Percent dependence

## Time

Access to intellectual property

Own intellectual property

Foreign intellectual coBstevonst

Percent dependence on foreign country intellectual property

Capability of intracervical potential

Financing options - personal, equity, equity capital

Venture capital opportunity

Possibility of European funding

Possibility of other financing

Overtaking the competing countries, companies, countries with the respective years

Degree of availability of production and technological capacity for the implementation of innovations

Degree of resource security from personal resources, foreign resources

Technological sovereignty means having all the critical technologies to have a functioning government and economy.

Then you are dependent on the countries that produce the critical technologies for your existence.

This leads to a kind of technological colonization, in the present case by the US and China. Let's call them the three circles of technological sovereignty - those around the US, China and Europe.

## 6. SPHERES OF INFLUENCE IN THE TYPES OF SOVEREIGNTY IN MANAGEMENT, CONTROL, GOALS OF THE GLOBAL MASONIC MAFIOTIZED ELITE AND THE DEEP STATE CONTROLLED BY IT, THE MAFIA AND MAFIOTISM FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY

The global masonic mobster elite and the deep state by conquering and ruling and controlling the respective sovereigns rule the respective one country.

The deep mafia attacks all types of sovereignty in a country, with the ultimate goal of mastering a country and managing it, using it, draining it, enslaving it in every way - economically, politically, culturally, intellectually and in every way.

The following types of sovereignty are attacked by the deep mafia in a country in order to control and rule that country and enslave it, as well as its population, its resources, territory, assets as follows:



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- 1/. The sovereigns of the state administration and its sovereignty. This includes governments, prime ministers, ministers, state departments, and institutions, local authorities and others, their control through confiscations and other addictions, sexual addictions and other addictions.
  - 2/. Sovereignty of a country's political system. This includes parliament, political parties, trade unions, movements, commercial and non-profit associations, degradation of the political elite, their control through kompromat, and other addictions, sexual addictions and other addictions.
  - 3/. Sovereignty of the national security systems, secret services, intelligence services of a country. Control and management of the leadership and management of intelligence services, intelligence agencies, departments of homeland security, intelligence services - space, central security services, national security services, intelligence and counterintelligence agencies, intelligence agencies of the Department of Defense, naval intelligence, air services, secret services, secret services
  - 4/. Defense sovereignty, national security, air sovereignty, maritime sovereignty, control and management of the sphere of military structures, defense structures, defense structures, the military-industrial complex
  - 5/. Sovereignty in health care,
  - 6/. Sovereignty in education,
  - 7/. Sovereignty in the social system
  - 8/. Sovereignty in the economy
  - 7/. Sovereignty in media policy / radio, television, newspapers, magazines and other media /, their control and management through racketeering, coercion, natism, sanctions and others.
  - 8/. Sovereignty in the sphere of the "civil sector" / civil associations, non-governmental organizations and others /
  - 9/. Sovereignty in the Banking and Financial System of a State
  - 10/. Sovereignty in social networks and information technology
  - 11/. Sovereignty of the judicial system /judges, prosecutors, investigators/, their control through addictions -, bribes, gifts, excursions, control through kompromat, and other addictions - sex, gambling and others.
  - 12/. Sovereignty of law enforcement institutions / prosecutor's office, investigative services, police/, their control through dependencies, bribes, etc.
  - 13/. Financial, banking, investment, sovereignty
  - 14/. Scientific sovereignty,
  - 15/. Cultural sovereignty
  - 16/. Defensive sovereignty, offensive sovereignty, maritime sovereignty, land sovereignty, satellite sovereignty
  - 17/-. Military Sovereignty and Defense Sovereignty
  - 18/.Currency sovereignty
  - 19/.Financial Sovereignty
  - 20/Tax sovereignty
  - 21/. Sovereignty in the Economy
  - 22/. Food sovereignty
  - 23/. Energy sovereignty
  - 24/.Digital digital / sovereignty
  - 25/. Media sovereignty
  - 26/. Sovereignty in intellectual property, Sovereigns in investments, Sovereignty in technology
  - 27/. Sovereignty in law, Sovereignty in justice, Sovereignty in the rights and freedoms of people
  - 28/. Sovereignty in foreign policy, Sovereignty in domestic policy
  - 29/. Sovereignty in national security
  - 30/. Climate sovereignty
  - 31/.Environmental sovereignty
  - 32/. Technological sovereignty, Production sovereignty, Consumer sovereignty,
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**Innovative sovereignty**

33/. Sovereignty over corruption in the state, Sovereignty over the mafia in the state, International legal sovereignty

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By conquering the respective sovereignty, the deep mafia overthrows regimes through "yellow", "orange" revolutions and the appointment of governments, presidents to serve the interests of the deep state

By conquering the respective sovereignty, the deep mafia impose policies in respective countries that are of the economic interests of the deep state and their profits from it, imposing policies in the case of NATO for the purpose of threats, wars against third countries from the territories of straitened countries, imposing world management New world order to allow them to more easily manage countries, nations, peoples, economies, production, finance, capital, creating conditions, causing chaos through various schemes and occasions - wars, refugee waves, crises - social , public, political, economic, state schemes with the ultimate goal of profits - economic, financial - profit and personal gain, management, control, manipulation, zombification of civil society, through non-governmental organizations, their financing / example SOROS/, Imposing their requirements for military budgets of all countries in order to sell weapons from their companies from the military-industrial complex of e rusty, countries,. Control of criminal groups and gangs. Control of commercial, military, corporate groups, in the defense industry, financial sector, corporate media and counter-terrorism, control and management of public money, budgets, of the respective country, imposition of globalization as an ideology, imposition of ideology and society on lesbianism, gay . Total control of society control of society through social activity on Facebook, Twitter, etc., driving license, movies watched or recorded, activity on various blogs, photos viewed or sent, detention by the police, subway trips, credit and debit cards, financial information, photos viewed, photos sent, facial recognition from surveillance cameras, e-mails sent, e-mails received, searching information on the web, health card, education, train, bus, plane travel tickets, recorded applications in mobile phones, applications used, traffic, transactions online, sent test messages, and messages, Terrorist actions through the US state and NATO and other military organizations, Terrorist actions through private formations, Ruin and collapse of the education system, killing the national achievements of democracy, ruining the social system, polarization of society, destruction of national values, destruction of national culture, destruction of rights and freedoms, destruction of the middle class, increase in poverty and inequality, increase in begging, indebtedness of countries, governments through the IMF, WB, ECB, Dependence on the media - televisions, radios, newspapers, magazines, Control, management of the drug business since the 18th century by the black aristocracy, Creating inequalities in society, managing these inequalities, destroying the middle class, with the ultimate goal of enslaving society, Creating conditions for the control and management of the economies of entire countries with the sole purpose of personal gain, Creating an elite from a university - a masonic mafioso global elite to rule countries and other institutions for the benefit of the Global masonic elite, Control and management of education in one country for the purpose of obfuscation, by large control and managing the masses and the younger generation for the purpose of zombification and management and control at every level - emotional national, educational, social and others, Creation of a system for SOCIAL GENOCIDE, Control is management of health care with the ultimate goal of reducing the population of the planet, Control and management of the system of creating drugs and dependence of the population on drugs, Control and management of patents and develop and eliminate scientists who create discoveries that can improve people's lives Control and eliminate scientists who create drugs but new treatments that are cheap and interfere with the wealth of the elite Control and eliminate scientists who create drugs of systems for generators of zero point and generators of free energy, Control, management, production of drugs and creation of dependence among the population with the ultimate goal of profit, Control, creation of GMO products, food, for the purpose of profit and reduction of the population, Control and population control through food, lethal medicine, lethal vaccines, psychiatric drugs, lethal food a, deadly grain, deadly sweeteners, GMOs, deadly water, air, Control and Management of the media, conquering the media, and propagandizing only to their targetconquering the media, and propagandizing only their goals, ideas, aspirations, plans, disguised under the slogan that they care about humanity and the people in it, Creating institutions through which countries, policies will be governed, such as the UN, UNICEF and others , Control of the special and secret services through their



Masonic people to serve the lodges and their personal interests, but not the laws of the respective country, Propaganda and manipulation to reduce critical thinking

- - increase in closedness, oppression, dependence, the feeling of slavery and dependence on the decisions and actions of the rulers

- - turning your back on real facts and evidence

- - dependence on propaganda

- - addiction to propagandized fear and stress

- - increase in mental illness

- - increase in drug abuse

- - increase in homelessness

- - increase in the unemployed

- - increase in malnourished people

- - increase in malignant incurable diseases

- - increase in theft

- - increase in crime

- - increase in murders

- - increase in bankruptcies of companies

- reducing the duration of / THEORY OF THE TYPES OF STRESS AND STRESS RATE - 2009 Prof. Momchil Dobrev and Prof. Mariola Garibova-Dobrev, control by the global Masonic mafia elite of each country and its management through the control and management of special services and the secret services of the respective country, Control by the global masonic mafia elite of all masonic and other and any lodges of masons throughout the world, Control and management of election, election and appointment of presidents, prime ministers, chancellors in the respective countries of the structures of the deep state.

The global masonic mobster elite and its controlled deep state and its agents act as a shadow government.

The global Masonic mobster elite and the deep state controlled by him does not respect the rights, freedoms, constitutions of the respective country, treaties for the formation of unions, such as the European Union.

In reality, the Global Masonic mobster elite and the deep state they rule use the following undemocratic governance models as follows:

- Autocracy

- Oligarchy

- Plutocracy

- Kleptocracy

- Corporatocracy

- Cryptocracy

All these systems of government are run based on the principles of MAFIOTISM and Financial Banking Resource Technological Mafiositized MATERIALISM.

. MAFIOTISM and Financial Banking Resource Technological Mafiotized Materialism - THE IDEOLOGIES OF THE GLOBAL MASONIC MAFIOTIZED ELITE AND THE DEEP STATE

PRINCIPLES OF MAFIOTISM and the Financial Banking Resource and Technological Mafiosi Materialism - THE NEW KINDS OF GOVERNMENT IN PRIVATE AND PERSONAL INTERESTS - THE IDEOLOGY OF THE GLOBAL MASONIC MAFIOTIZED LEI AND THE DEEP STATE RULED BY IT in favor of the Global Masonic Mafiositized Elite

The differences between fascism and mafia.

State capitalism - is a system in which the state replaces private entrepreneurs in their role as factor - capitalists.

Under state capitalism, all property and all means of production are concentrated in the hands of one capitalist - the state, which in most cases is governed by party officials and party nomenclature.

The added value from production is redistributed by the only capitalist – the state. It is often called either socialist or communist.

It is often claimed that the countries of the socialist bloc are neither popular nor social, and the economic system actually represents state capitalism

Capitalism is an economic system in which production, trade are privately owned and managed according to the methods of the market economy, which in turn follow the principles of supply and demand. The main driver in such a system is supposedly "competition".

Fascism - professes the idea of a one-party state, . Fascism believes that nations and races are in constant conflict, Fascist governments ban and suppress criticism and opposition to themselves.

They are opponents of class conflict.

Fascism is a Mussolini-like government that elevates the nation and race above the individual, establishes a one-party system, promotes nationalism, imposes strict economic and social control, applies violence, censorship

The state is governed by the Prime Minister, if the same state is a parliamentary republic, who has established and manages every state institution - ministry, state agency, manages both the executive and the judiciary through appointments that are close to him, and manages the legislature power - the parliament.

The people are mobs according to mafia. Principles of crowd control: inducing the masses to be driven by petty passions.

Creating problems for the "crowd" - the people through taxes, high prices, high interest rates on banking services, management of the free funds of middle-class citizens, in this way, through cunning and hypocrisy, the greatest human virtues - frankness and honesty, are suppressed, which according to mobsters are vices,

The administration of law - where law begins, where it ends.

Deferred force of laws, "liberalism" rights"

The right of the strong,

It intervenes and removes all existing regulations and ordinances

Mafia puts its hand on the laws, rearranges the institutions, the necessary and useful

### FORMULA OF THE MAFIOTISM

The most simple model of the mafia which describes the factors which influence about the amount, type, and etc, of the mafia is the following:

MAFIOTISMUS = PERSONAL/GROUP / hidden or open/ Power / on the top of the state institutions/state and etc./ + Influence + Connections / to personal, private companies + Interests / personal , private, corporate / + ORDER/ORDERS + Personal Management of all state levels + Personal Control of all state levels/Mafia structure/ inside of or outside/ + Monopoly Rights+ laws/ rules/ practices/procedures + possibility of taking an alternative decision – obligation – responsibilities – morality/ethics + Personal management and personal control of distribution of public state monetary and other resources/ including European funds and funds/.

### 7. CONCLUSION

The recently described Theory of the types of sovereignty and degrees of sovereignty provide a basis for how to protect a country so that it does not lose its sovereignty and is not used for its colonization and conquest and destruction by another country, the deep mafia and the deep state.

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